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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/764,953	01/26/2004	Yongqin Chen	CHEN 1-18	9306	
75	7590 12/08/2005			EXAMINER	
Docket Administrator (Rm. 3C-512) Lucent Technologies Inc. 600 Mountain Avenue			VAN ROY, TOD THOMAS		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
P. O. Box 636				2828	
Murray Hill, N.	J 07974-0636		DATE MAILED: 12/08/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		\mathcal{W}			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/764,953	CHEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner M year	Art Unit			
	Tod T. Van Roy	2828			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will, by state that the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froutute, cause the application to become ABANDON	NN. imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Ti	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 20 and 24-29 is/are pending in the	application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 20 and 24-29 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	· Nor election requirement				
o) are subject to restriction and	aror election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* · ·	, ,			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	, ,	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in Applica	tion No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	riority documents have been receiv	ved in this National Stage			
application from the International Bure	, , , ,				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ist of the certified copies not receiv	red.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar	y (PTO-413)			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 	Paper No(s)/Mail I	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	· access approximately (1.10-194)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 24-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ventrudo et al. (US 5589684).

With respect to claim 24, Ventrudo discloses a method of reducing noise in an optical system by distributing power between modes comprising the steps of: providing an optical transmission path (fig.1 fiber), providing an external cavity fiber grating laser optically coupled to the transmission path (fig.1, col.7 lines 8-14), causing the laser to laser simultaneously at two or more modes to partition the optical power over the two or more modes such that as the grating wavelength changes there is a gradual shift in the distribution of the optical power between the two or more modes (col.7 lines 22-33).

With respect to claim 25, Ventrudo further discloses the external cavity fiber grating laser comprises an external cavity fiber Bragg grating laser (col.5 line 60).

With respect to claim 26, Ventrudo further discloses the optical transmission path to comprise a single mode or multimode optical transmission path (fig.1 fiber, inherent that the optical fiber would either be single or multimode).

With respect to claim 27, Ventrudo discloses a method to emit two or more coexisting modes in an optical system to reduce noise by mode hopping comprising the steps of: providing an external cavity grating laser (fig.1, col.7 lines 8-14), causing the laser to lase simultaneously in two or more modes such that the net transmitted optical power is distributed amongst the two or more modes (col.7 lines 18-21, inherent that the output power would distribute between the modes), and modulating the laser to transmit information by the two or more modes (col.1 lines 27-30, teaching the incorporation of these systems into modulated communication devices, which would necessitate the modulation of the gain medium) to reduce noise by mode hopping (col.2 lines 53-56, col.7 lines 18-21).

Claims 28 and 29 are rejected for the reasons outlined in the rejections of claims 25 and 26.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ventrudo in view of Verdiell et al. (US 5870417).

With respect to claim 20, Ventrudo teaches a providing an optical laser which includes a gain medium (fig.1 back facet of LD #11 to grating #24) having a reflective face (col.4 lines 60-62), and further includes an external cavity effectively terminated by a grating having a bandwidth (col.7 lines 18-21), providing an optical fiber (fig.1), operating the optical laser such that laser radiation is produced in at least two within the grating bandwidth (col.7 lines 13-14), through the use of a light-expanding region (fig.1 #13, 14, divergent light expansion from device), coupling light between the gain medium and the external cavity such that substantially all optical resonance that occurs is resonance of the cavity defined between said reflective face and said grating (col.7 lines 8-14), applying a modulation signal to the optical laser to produce modulated light (col.1) lines 27-30, teaching the incorporation of these systems into modulated communication devices, which would necessitate the modulation of the gain medium), launching the modulated light into the optical fiber (fig.1). Ventrudo does not teach the use of an AR coating on the gain medium facet. Verdiell teaches an external cavity grating coupled device that uses an AR coating on its facet (abs.). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the laser device of Ventrudo with the coating of Verdiell in order to enhance the amount of coupling between the laser diode and the grating (Verdiell, col.2 lines 54-58).

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Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tod T. Van Roy whose telephone number is (571)272-8447. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Minsun Harvey can be reached on (571)272-1835. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TVR